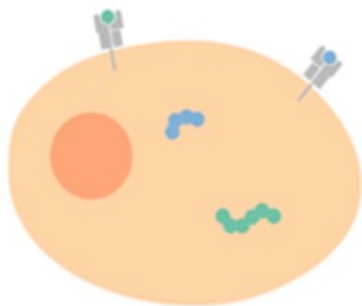


AI Generated mRNA Cancer Vaccines

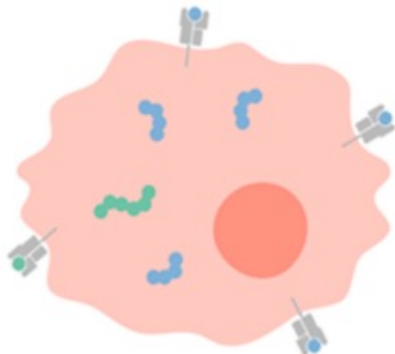
Brian Hooker PhD
Children's Health Defense

Tumor antigens



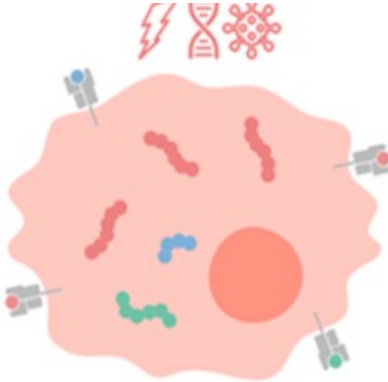
Self-antigens

Expression in healthy tissues



TAA

Overexpression of self-antigens, differentiation antigens, CTAs



TSA

Neoantigens, oncoviral antigens, TSERVs

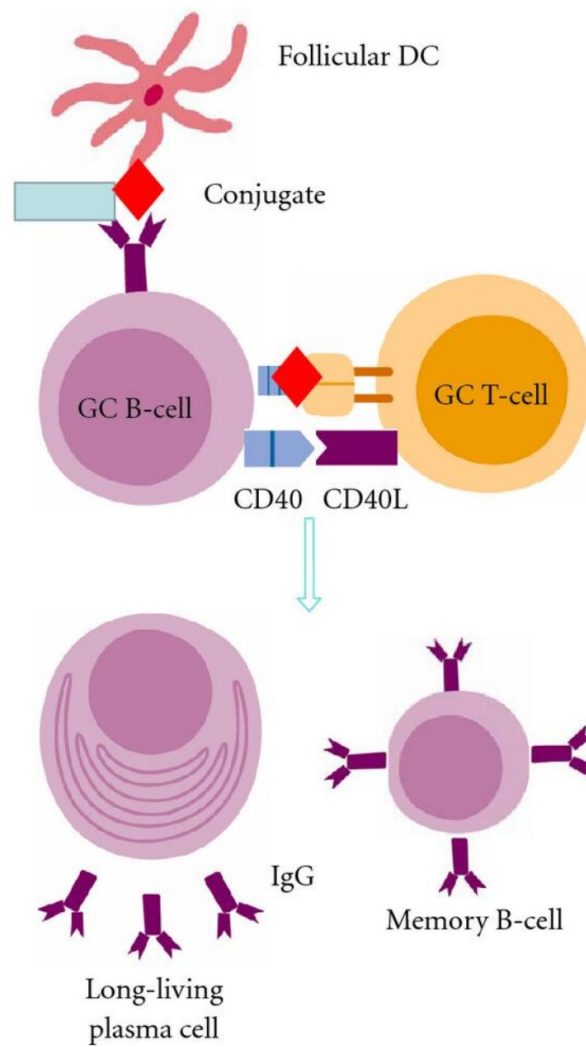
- Healthy cell
- Tumor cell
- Antigens

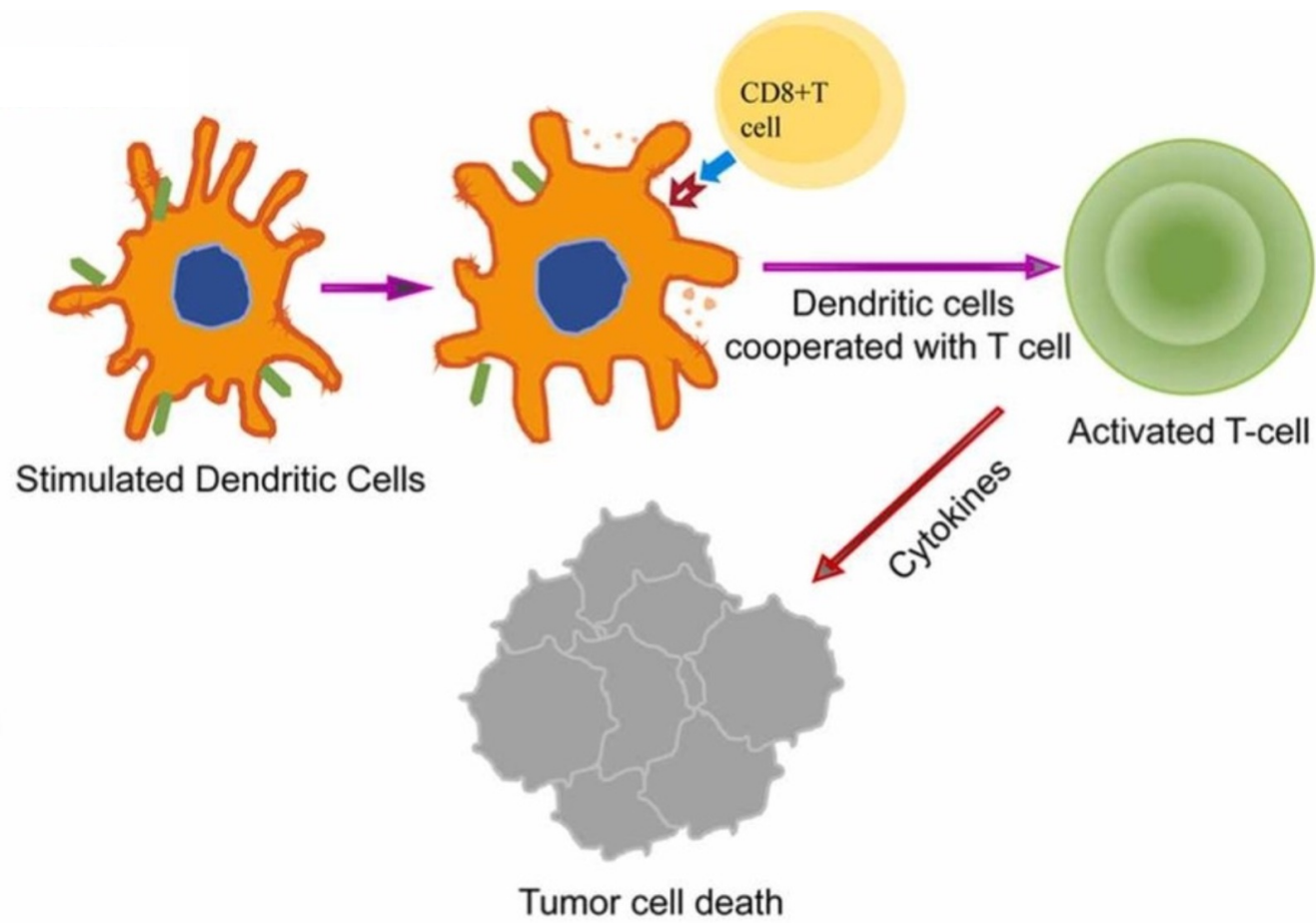
Traditional cancer vaccines

- Make portions of the tumor-specific antigens (proteins) and inject them into the body
- The immune system will recognize the TSAs and proliferate antibodies to tag and neutralize them (B-cell response-ineffective killing)
- The immune system will recognize the TSAs and proliferate specialized T-cells to kill the cancer cells (T-cell response-effective killing)
- The ability to elicit a T-cell response in cancer vaccines (or vaccines in general) is often limited

Inadequate T-cell responses from cancer vaccines

- Tumor specific antigens bind weakly to helper T-cells/weaker binding equates to a weaker T-cell (cytotoxic) response
- Cancer cells can suppress the immune system
- Vaccination can suppress the innate immune system
- Traditional cancer vaccines target a single tumor specific antigen whereas tumor cells are covered with a diversity of these antigens
- B-cell responses help "mark" the cells for destruction but don't actually eliminate cancer cells





mRNA cancer vaccines

- Antigens are encoded by mRNA produced from a DNA backbone
- mRNA *not the actual antigen* is delivered in a lipid nanoparticle
- mRNA invades human cells and hijacks the mechanism to produce proteins
- Genetically modified people then produce their own tumor antigens
- The rest of the process works like a traditional cancer vaccine
- Only with all the disadvantages of mRNA vaccines

AI-generated mRNA cancer vaccines

- AI aids in epitope (portion of antigen) design
- AI could identify idiotypic antigens more quickly (personalized medicine)
- AI may not be able to reflect tumor heterogeneity
- AI may not be able to reflect genetic diversity

Parting thoughts

- The best cure for cancer is prevention
- The childhood cancer epidemic started in the 1950s
- Childhood cancers increased by 67% between 1950 and 1995
- SV40 is a known carcinogen that contaminated the polio vaccine between 1955 and 1965
- mRNA vaccines are associated with turbo cancers – why prevent cancer with something that causes cancer
- Currently 37% of all individuals will contract cancer in their lifetime